



BIOL 1150 Lab
General Biology II Laboratory
“The Diversity of Life”
CSU Stanislaus, Fall 2015



I. General Information

Section: 1150-003

Time: Wednesday 2:00-4:50pm

Location: N206

Instructor: Dr. Kenneth Schoenly, Professor of Biological Sciences

Office Hours: MW 9:00-10:30, room N271 (or by appointment)

Email: kschoenly@csustan.edu

Email is the best way to reach me. I usually respond to simple requests and questions within 24 hours.

Important: Please write “BIOL 1150L” in the subject line, and include your full name in the email.

II. Course Description

Introduction to the fundamental aspects of **organismal biology**: taxonomy, diversity, form, and function.

BIOL 1150 is the second semester of the two-semester general biology sequence at CSU Stanislaus. The lecture and laboratory portions of the course must be taken at the same time. It is not possible to take the lab or lecture separately, even if you have passed one or the other a previous semester. This course is designed specifically for biology majors, as well as other students who need a comprehensive introduction to biology. All students enrolled in BIOL 1150 must have received a C- or better in 1050; students without a C- or better grade will be dropped from the class. To receive credit for the one-year biology sequence, you must take both Biology 1050 and Biology 1150 at CSU Stanislaus, or transfer the complete, equivalent one-year *majors* series from another institution.

The General Biology II laboratory is designed to provide students with laboratory and field experience with a focus on the **diversity of life**. We will explore many of the topics that are covered in lecture, but in lab we have the luxury of looking closely at examples of all of the major groups of living organisms on earth, as well as carrying out laboratory and field exercises that give you practice being a scientist. A major goal of this course is for you to develop an appreciation of this diversity, and give you the tools to recognize, classify, and describe virtually all of the world’s life.

“The beginning of wisdom is calling things by their right names.” (Chinese Proverb)

III. Student Learning Objectives

After completing this course, you should be able to:

1. Recognize, identify, and classify the major groups of life on earth (i.e., recalling the scientific names of taxonomic groups at the Kingdom, Phylum, and/or Class level).
2. Describe the basic biology (life cycles, internal and external features, ecology, and evolutionary history) of the major groups of life on earth.
3. Describe how technological advances, including microscopes and genetic sequencing, have expanded our understanding of the diversity of life on earth.
4. Proficiently use compound and dissection microscopes to examine cells, tissues, and organisms.
5. Create cladograms that describe hypothetical evolutionary relationships based on morphological characters of specimens.
6. Analyze and interpret biological data collected in the field and laboratory using statistics and graphs.

7. Cooperate with other students to investigate and learn about the diversity of life.

IV. Grades

Grades will be based on quizzes, exams, in-class activities, a biodiversity survey assignment, and a Monterey Bay Aquarium assignment. Your lab grade is worth ~1/3 of your total grade for the course.

Note: Points from lab may not be 1:1 equivalent to points for the lecture portion of the course; nevertheless, your lab grade will still be worth 33% of the total.

Quizzes (11 x 10 pts)	110 pts.
Insect trap project	20 pts.
Biosurvey	35 pts.
Monterey Bay Aquarium Assignment	30 pts.
Lab Exam 1	50 pts.
Lab Exam 2	50 pts.
TOTAL	295 pts.

In-Class Quizzes and Participation

Typically, I will give a 5 to 10 point quiz at the start of lab covering material from the previous lab and general concepts we will be working on that day in lab. You must be present at the time of the quiz in order to take it; there are no make-ups. Students who show up late will not be allowed to take quizzes. To do well on quizzes, make sure you are staying on task, completing all of the activities, and closely examining the specimens. Questions will come from material in the lab workbook, **which you need to read ahead of time to be prepared for class**. Most of our class time will be spent applying the material that is in the lab manual, rather than going over the basic concepts (which you should read and study ahead of time). Pay particular attention to the “objectives” listed at the beginning of each exercise.

At various times during lab, I may randomly choose one or more groups to present their answers to questions from the day’s lab assignment. You and your group members need to give a thorough explanation that answers the question. A simple, off-the-top-of-your-head answer will not suffice. Often, the questions will come from questions at the end of each lab exercise. Lab questions often require thinking critically about the topic and making educated guesses. The answers will not always be obvious, and there may not be a single “right answer.” Your answers will be judged on completeness, originality, and level of critical thinking.

Be courteous and respectful about taking breaks during class and be mindful of the no food and drink policy in the lab. Class usually begins with a quiz and a short introductory lecture. Avoid leaving the room during this time. Once you are working independently or in groups there will be opportunities to use the restroom, get a drink of water, or stretch your legs.

Lab Exams

Two lab practical exams will cover “the diversity of life,” including examples of the various organisms we examine in lab. There will be two types of questions: (1) questions that ask you to identify organisms and give their scientific and/or common names, and (2) short-answer questions about the organisms’ ecology, morphology, and evolutionary history. The exams are not cumulative.

Biosurvey

The biosurvey is a project to observe, identify, and photograph different forms of life. You will be required to find, identify, and take photographs of a wide diversity of organisms. You will submit your photos, along with information on where and when you observed the organism, for credit. The Biosurvey will be due in class

Field Trip to Monterey Bay Aquarium

On Wednesday November 11 (Veteran's Day), we will travel by bus—paid for from your lab fees—to the Monterey Bay Aquarium, arguably the finest marine aquarium in the world, where you will complete a stimulating and unforgettable assignment on marine biodiversity.

V. Required Course Materials

- 1. Exploring Biology in the Laboratory, CSU Stanislaus edition.** Available from the campus bookstore. Bring it with you to each lab. You will need it to follow along with the lab exercises and to answer study questions. It is also handy for making notes and drawings during lab. Each student will need her/his own manual.
- 2. Dissection Kit.** Available at the bookstore or at Nasco Lab Supply (4825 Stoddard Rd., Modesto). It should have a scalpel, forceps, a blunt probe, and micro-dissection scissors. A good kit costs \$10-15 and can be shared by a pair of students.
- 3. Campbell's Biology.** Your lecture textbook will be very helpful as you work on lab assignments and questions. It is recommended that you bring the relevant chapters to lab.

VI. Laboratory Policies

This course requires your presence in lab every week for the **entire lab period**. Because the laboratory setups change from class to class, it is **not possible to make-up missed laboratories**. Unexcused absences will result in no points for quizzes and any other graded activities given that day. If you know you will miss a lab ahead of time, tell your lab instructor at least one week in advance; with instructor permission you *may* be able to attend a different lab section.

I have a zero-tolerance policy for cheating and plagiarism. Students cheating on quizzes or exams or representing the work of others as their own will receive a zero for that assignment, will receive an F in the class, and will be reported to the CSU-Stanislaus Office of Judicial Affairs. Even a quick glance at your neighbor's paper during a quiz is considered cheating, and subject to disciplinary action. As a student at CSU Stanislaus, you should take great satisfaction and pride in knowing that the work you submit is entirely your own.

You need to make productive use of lab time in order to make sure you finish all of the assignments and examine all of the specimens. **You should expect to spend the entire 2 hours and 50 minutes working in lab each week.** If you finish your lab assignment early, you should take advantage of the extra time to study the topics covered that day and review related lecture material. Identifying specimens requires developing keen observation skills, and an ability to recognize similarities amidst differences. These skills are only developed through practice. Understanding and remembering the material we cover is a challenge for most students.

BIOL 1150 Laboratory Schedule for Fall 2015

Week #	Dates	Lab Activities, Chapters to Read	Assignment value
1	Aug 26	Deep Time	
2	Sep 2	Evolution Chp 15, Classification Chp 16, start 18.3	Quiz -10 pt
3	Sept 9	Bacteria Chp 18	Quiz -10 pt
4	Sept 16	Protists Chapter 19	Quiz -10 pt
5	Sept 23	Seedless plants Chps 20, 21	Quiz -10 pt
6	Sept 30	Seed plants Chps 22, 23, 24	Quiz -10 pt
7	Oct 7	Lab exam 1	Exam- 50 pts
8	Oct 14	Fungi Chp 25 and Tissues Chp 26	Quiz -10 pt
9	Oct 21	Inverts 1 Chps 27, 28	Quiz -10 pt
10	Oct 28	Inverts 2 Chp 29, Insect traps	Quiz -10 pt, Insect traps 20 pts
11	Nov 4	Deuterostomes Chp 30	Quiz -10 pt
12	Nov 11 (Weds)	Monterey Bay Aquarium Field Trip	
13	Nov 18	Frog dissection/Dentition/ Adaptation	Quiz - 10 pt
14	Nov 25	THANKSGIVING – NO LABS	
15	Dec 2	Ecology Chp 37	Quiz - 10 pt, Biosurvey Due (35 pts)
16	Dec 9	Lab exam 2	Exam- 50 pts

“Mankind has gone very far into an artificial world of his own creation. He has sought to insulate himself, in his cities of steel and concrete, from the realities of earth and water and the growing seed. Intoxicated with a sense of his own power, he seems to be going farther and farther into more experiments for the destruction of himself and his world. There is certainly no single remedy for this condition and I am offering no panacea. But it seems reasonable to believe — and I do believe — that the more clearly we can focus our attention on the wonders and realities of the universe about us the less taste we shall have for the destruction of our race. Wonder and humility are wholesome emotions, and they do not exist side by side with a lust for destruction.

-Rachel Carson, speech accepting the John Burroughs Medal (April 1952)