# Table of Contents

- **Introduction** ................................................................................................................................... 3
- **Scope** ............................................................................................................................................. 3
- **Information Security Organization** ............................................................................................... 4
- **Roles and Responsibilities** ........................................................................................................... 4
- **Policy and Standards Management** ............................................................................................. 7
- **Risk Management** .......................................................................................................................... 8
- **Incident Response** ........................................................................................................................ 9
- **Security Awareness and Training** .................................................................................................. 10
- **Evaluation and Revision of the Information Security Plan** ....................................................... 10
- **Appendix A - Definitions** ........................................................................................................... 11
- **Appendix B - Additional Roles and Responsibilities** .................................................................... 12
- **Appendix C - References** .......................................................................................................... 15
Introduction

Information security is essential to the mission of the University and is a campus-wide responsibility. Stanislaus State recognizes the need for a comprehensive information security plan which outlines a risk-based layered approach to the implementation of security controls.

The purpose of the Information Security Plan is to:

• Assign development and management responsibilities for information security
• Provide for the confidentiality, integrity and availability of information, regardless of the medium in which the information asset is held (e.g. paper, electronic, oral, etc.)
• Develop risk management strategies to identify and mitigate threats and vulnerabilities to information assets
• Establish and maintain an incident response plan
• Maintain ongoing security awareness and training programs
• Comply with applicable laws, regulations, and CSU policies

Scope

Stanislaus State is responsible for protecting the confidentiality, integrity and availability of University information assets. Unauthorized modification, deletion, or disclosure of information assets can compromise the integrity of the mission of Stanislaus State, violate individual privacy rights, and possibly constitute a criminal act. It is the collective responsibility of all users to ensure:

• Confidentiality of personally identifiable information
• Integrity of data stored on or processed by Stanislaus State information systems
• Availability of information stored on or processed by Stanislaus State information systems
• Security of Stanislaus State information systems
• Compliance with applicable laws, regulations, and CSU/campus policies governing information security and privacy protection

This plan for the protection of systems and information applies to the following:

• All campus departments, including auxiliary units, and external business or organizations that provide goods or services to Stanislaus State
• Central and departmentally-managed information assets
• All students, faculty, staff, and consultants employed by Stanislaus State or any other person having access to Stanislaus State information assets
• All categories of information, regardless of the medium in which the information asset is held (e.g. paper, electronic, oral, etc)
• Information technology facilities, software, and equipment (including personal computer systems) owned or leased by Stanislaus State.
Information Security Organization

Information security is an increasingly complex legal and technical challenge requiring an enterprise-wide management organization. At Stanislaus State, the management structure for information security is illustrated below.

Roles and Responsibilities

The responsibilities of the Chief Information Security Officer, Information Security Officer, Student Records Data Custodians and CSIRT are detailed below. Additional roles and responsibilities related to information security are outlined in Appendix B.

Chief Information Security Officer

At Stanislaus State, the Associate Vice President of the Office of Information Technology and Chief Information Officer (CIO) is responsible for establishing and coordinating the campus-wide information security strategy and is designated the Chief Information Security Officer (CISO). The CIO is responsible for the development, maintenance, and yearly review of the Information Security Plan in collaboration with units under the supervision of the following administrators:

- Provost - VP, Academic Affairs
- VP, Business and Finance
• VP, Student Affairs
• VP, University Advancement
• Deans
• Information Security Officer
• All record management custodians
• All managers and employees of computing units
• Others affected by security management and response

Information Security Officer

The Information Security Officer (ISO) reports to the CIO and is responsible for assuring information security efforts across campus are coordinated and reduce overall risk. The ISO is also responsible for security planning, analysis, policies, standards and incident handling, as well as establishing and maintaining a framework to assure that information security strategies are aligned with University objectives and consistent with applicable laws and regulations. This individual’s responsibilities include but are not limited to:

• Providing oversight of confidential information in the custody of the University
• Providing oversight of security of the equipment or repository where the information is processed and/or maintained
• Promoting and encouraging campus standards, best practices and procedures
• Evaluating the effectiveness of the current safeguards for controlling these risks
• Developing and providing oversight of plans and procedures to preserve confidential information in the event of natural or man-made disasters

Data Owners Information Security Group

Data Owners are responsible for records retention schedule series custodian responsibilities as defined in CSU EO 1031 and data governance responsibilities as defined by the CSU Information Security Policy, ICSUAM 8000. In their governance role, data owners are responsible for classifying, defining controls, authorizing access, monitoring compliance with CSU/campus security policies and standards, and identifying the level of acceptable risk for the information assets assigned to them. A data owner is usually a member of management in charge of a specific business unit and is ultimately responsible for the protection and use of information within that unit. The group is composed of key managers from all four vice presidential areas as follows:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Schedule Series</th>
<th>Record Schedule Series Custodian</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1.0 Personnel/Payroll</td>
<td>AVP for Staff Human Resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2.0 Fiscal</td>
<td>AVP of Financial Services and University Budget</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.0 Environmental Health &amp; Safety</td>
<td>AAS, Environmental Health &amp; Safety</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4.0 Student Records</td>
<td>University Registrar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>5.0 Facilities</td>
<td>AVP, Facilities Management</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>6.0 University Police</td>
<td>Chief of Police</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>7.0 University Advancement</td>
<td>VP of Advancement Services</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Computer Security Incident Response Team (CSiRT)

The Computer Security Incident Response Team assesses, responds, and resolves information security incidents in partnership with campus technical staff, University Police, Public Affairs, etc.

Their tasks include but are not limited to:

- Notifying appropriate units of possible security infringements
- Reporting any security breach as outlined in the Plan
- Disseminating guidelines related to security to departmental data managers

Current Members include:

- Amanda Theis, Special Assistant to the President
- Andy Roy, Chief of Police
- Amy Thomas, Risk Manager
- Julie Johnson, AVP, Human Resources
- Janice Curtin, AVP Communications and Public Affairs
- Stan Trevena, Chief Information Security Officer/Chief Information Office
Policy and Standards Management

The CSU Responsible Use Policy as well as Stanislaus State Responsible Use Additional Provisions Policy outlines user responsibilities and acceptable use of computing and communications systems, services, and facilities, and serves as the foundation for the campus information security program. To complement the policy, Stanislaus State continues to develop a body of information security standards, guidelines and procedures for the protection of the business infrastructure and environment, the computing infrastructure and environment, and confidential information in its custody.

All Stanislaus State standards, procedures and guidelines are vetted according to the Documentation Review and Approval Procedure.

CSU and Stanislaus State Policies, Standards, and Procedures

CSU policies and standards are published in the Integrated CSU Administrative Manual (ICSUAM). ICSUAM login page:

https://csyou.calstate.edu/Policies/ICSUAM/Pages/default.aspx

All CSU policies and standards, as well as campus supplemental policies, standards, and procedures are published on the OIT Information Security web page:

https://www.csustan.edu/oit/information-security-policies-and-standards
Risk Management

Risks to information assets must be actively managed in order to prioritize resources and remediation efforts. Risk management involves the identification and evaluation of risks to information security assets (risk assessment) and the development of strategies to reduce the risk to acceptable levels (risk mitigation).

Stanislaus State has developed a series of risk management processes that identify and assess risks to its information assets and reduce such risks to acceptable levels.

Risk Assessment

Risk assessments provide the basis for prioritization and selection of remediation activities and can be used to monitor the effectiveness of security controls. The Information Security Officer works with data authorities and system owners to conduct periodic risk assessments of campus information assets. The results of the risk assessment are documented.

Risk Mitigation

Risk mitigation involves prioritizing, evaluating, and implementing appropriate risk-reducing activities recommended as a result of the risk assessment process. Since the elimination of all risk is impossible, campus leadership balances the cost and effectiveness of the proposed risk-reducing activities against the risk being addressed. Controls selected to mitigate risks include administrative, operational, technical, physical, and environmental measures as appropriate.

Mitigation strategies ensure the confidentiality, integrity, and availability of information assets and are commensurate with risks identified by risk assessments. For those risks where the risk mitigation strategy involves the use of controls, these controls must ensure that risks are reduced to an acceptable level, taking into account:

- Legal and regulatory requirements and compliance
- University operation and policy requirements and constraints
- Cost of implementation, maintenance, and operation

Reporting Information Security Risks

The ISO completes a risk assessment of all critical and protected assets at least every two years. The risk assessment report includes a description of the methodology used to conduct the risk assessment, the results of the risk assessment, and the campus mitigation strategies for addressing each identified risk.
Incident Response

Stanislaus State has a documented incident response plan, Information Security Incident Management procedure, which includes processes for investigating, responding to, reporting, and recovering from incidents involving loss, damage, misuse of information assets, or improper dissemination of critical or protected information, regardless of the medium in which the breached information is held.

All suspected security incidents must be reported to the Information Security Officer. In the event of a security incident, the following actions may be taken:

- Blocking access to the affected computing system
- Notifying the appropriate Data Authorities, Administrator/College Dean, or Department Chair
- Assessing the nature of the breach, including a description of the incident, the response process, the notification process, and the actions taken to prevent further breaches of security
- Consulting with University Counsel as appropriate

The University is required to disclose any breach of system security to California residents whose unencrypted personal information was, or is reasonably believed to have been, acquired by an unauthorized person. In determining the need for notification, the Incident Handling Team will follow the guidelines established by the California Office of Privacy Protection. The notification process is subject to the University policy on official communications (EM 05-05).

Records Retention and Disposition

CSU Executive Order 1031 establishes records retention and disposition schedules and requirements for the CSU. The campus has implemented EO 1031 through the Stanislaus State Records/Information Retention Policy. The Stanislaus State Records Information/Retention Policy identifies roles and responsibilities for records retention and a schedule for annual certification of records by schedule series custodians. Schedule Series custodians are also referred to as data owners. The data owner is the campus-designated department head who maintains the official/original copy of the record/information series for retention purposes in compliance with EO 1031 Records Retention Policy. Some records fall out of the direct management of the data owner, administrators of these records are known as records custodians. formal delegation of specific responsibilities to records custodians should be documented.

Data Owner/Schedule Series Custodian Responsibilities

- Completing the Annual Records Retention Certification for assigned records/information schedule series
- Ensuring that Records Retention responsibilities for records custodians are established and communicated to all records custodians for the assigned schedule series.
- Ensuring that Records Custodians are aware of their responsibilities to ensure that records retention and disposition activities are conducted in compliance with the CSU Records Retention Policy and schedules.
• Ensuring that records custodians are aware that records retention and disposition procedures must be developed and documented.
• Identifying business units and systems that are not-compliant with CSU records retention requirements.
• Ensuring that divisional Vice Presidents are informed and updated regarding divisional compliance with data protection requirements

Security Awareness and Training

The University community needs to understand and support the information security objectives of availability, confidentiality and integrity, and the tradeoffs that may be necessary for effective control of risks. Security awareness programs are meant to promote Stanislaus State strategies for protecting information assets. Web-based security awareness training, updated yearly, is provided for all staff, faculty and student employees. The Chancellor’s Office has made available to all campuses training through CSU Skillport. This e-learning includes security awareness training which all employees will be required to complete.

When appropriate, information security training is provided to individuals whose job functions require specialized skill or knowledge in information security. While the heads of relevant offices are ultimately responsible for ensuring compliance with information security practices, the Information Security Officer will assist in the development of training and education programs for all employees who have access to confidential data. Federal, State, and University policies concerning confidential information are provided for review before access to protected/confidential information is allowed.

The information security program provides and coordinates training for individuals whose job functions require special knowledge of security threats, vulnerabilities, and safeguards. This training is focused on expanding knowledge, skills, and abilities for technical individuals responsible for securing systems and information.

Evaluation and Revision of the Information Security Plan

The Information Security Plan will be evaluated and adjusted to reflect changing circumstances, including changes in the University’s business practices, operations or arrangements, or as a result of testing and monitoring the safeguards.
Appendix A - Definitions

Access means a personal inspection, review, or communication of protected information. This includes records or data which are oral, written, or electronic.

Attacks are actions taken by an entity that exploit certain vulnerabilities.

Availability is a property that assures that the system has the capacity to meet service needs. It includes timeliness and usability. The property of availability protects against threats of denial of service.

Centralized computer systems means those computer hardware and software systems housed in and maintained in the data center by Information Resources.

Controls are mechanisms or procedures that mitigate threats. Among the goals of security controls are to ensure confidentiality, integrity, availability or privacy of information and systems.

Confidentiality is a property that assures information and systems are accessible only by authorized parties or entities. The property of confidentiality protects a system from the threat of disclosure. A disclosure threat is the possibility that data will be accessed by unauthorized entities.

Non-centralized computer systems means those computer hardware and software systems managed or housed in departments other than Information Resources or by individual employees.

Confidential Information means any information not exempted in specific legislation and identified as personal or confidential, such as personally-identifiable information, individually-identifiable health information, education records, and non-public information, as specified in federal or state law or CSU or Stanislaus State. Additional details regarding protected/confidential data can be found in the Data Classification and Protection Standard.

Data Authorities are the authorities of record of all protected data pertaining to individuals in their area including student, faculty and staff confidential data

Disclosure means to permit access to or to release, transfer, disseminate, or otherwise communicate all or any part of confidential information by any means, orally, in writing, or electronic to any unauthorized person.

Handle means the access, collection, distribution, process, protection, storage, use, transmittal, or disposal of protected information.

Integrity is a property that assures that unauthorized changes in data cannot occur or can be detected if they do occur. The property of integrity protects against threats of modification and fabrication.

Privacy is a subset of confidentiality. It concerns information about an entity and assures that this information is not made public or accessible by unauthorized persons.

Threats are potential occurrences, malicious or otherwise, that can have undesirable effects on assets or resources associated with computer systems.

Vulnerabilities are characteristics of computer systems that make it possible for a threat to potentially occur. They are not necessarily weaknesses in a system and may be otherwise desirable qualities of a system.
Appendix B - Additional Roles and Responsibilities

Data Managers

These individuals include the Vice President for Human Resources, the Vice President for Business and Finance, the Director of Financial Aid, the Vice President for Enrollment Management, and the University Registrar. Within their areas their responsibilities include but are not limited to:

- Implementing and administering the plan in order to protect the privacy rights of faculty, staff, and students and to comply with legal and policy requirements
- Protecting confidentiality and security of electronic and paper information
- Defining business functions and staff authorized to access confidential information and approve authorization
- Ensuring that all employees receive employee/student confidentiality training as directed by the Vice President for Human Resources and the University Registrar
- Developing and implementing appropriate campus-wide mechanisms to ensure that all employees attend and comply with the required training
- Providing appropriate confidentiality training for employees with authorized access to confidential information as designated by the Vice President for Human Resources and/or the University Registrar
- Developing, implementing, and communicating the expectations and means for the safeguarding of confidential information to appropriate persons and organizations
- Ensuring that risk assessments are conducted when necessary
- Maintaining appropriate and timely documentation for employees with access to confidential data
- Reporting on the status of the Plan to the Information Security Officer (ISO)
- Providing recommendations for revisions to this Plan as appropriate

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Record Type</th>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Custodian</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>PeopleSoft Student Record</td>
<td>CMS Centralized Server Utah</td>
<td>University Registrar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Academic Permanent Record (paper-based source of the official student academic transcript)</td>
<td>Scanned images of paper records maintained on OIT server using Knowledgelake software. Paper files stored in Student Records and Registration Office</td>
<td>University Registrar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Advising, Graduation/Evaluation &amp; Academic Standing Records</td>
<td>Student Records Office</td>
<td>University Registrar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Record Type</td>
<td>Office Name</td>
<td>Director/Officer</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-----------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-----------------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Financial Aid Date</td>
<td>Student Financial Aid Office</td>
<td>Director of Financial Aid</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Housing File</td>
<td>Student Housing Office</td>
<td>Director of Housing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Disciplinary and Conduct Records</td>
<td>Student Judicial Affairs Office</td>
<td>Dean of Students</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Health Records</td>
<td>Student Health Center</td>
<td>Director of Student Health Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Undergraduate Applicant Record</td>
<td>Office of Admissions</td>
<td>Director of Admissions</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Graduate Applicant and Graduate Degree Records</td>
<td>Office of Graduate, International and Sponsored Programs</td>
<td>Dean, School of Graduate, International and Sponsored Programs (Graduate Studies)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Counseling Files</td>
<td>Psychological Counseling</td>
<td>Director of Psychological Counseling</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Learning Center Records</td>
<td>Student Learning Center</td>
<td>Director for Disability Support Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Testing Files</td>
<td>Office of Testing</td>
<td>Director of Testing</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Career Placement Files</td>
<td>Career Planning and Placement Office</td>
<td>Director of Career Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Employment Files</td>
<td>Human Resources Office</td>
<td>VP of Human Resources</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student-Athlete Eligibility/Advising Records</td>
<td>Compliance Office, Student Records and Registration Office</td>
<td>University Registrar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Billing and Financial Records</td>
<td>Financial Services</td>
<td>Director of Student Financial Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Student Disability Records</td>
<td>Disability Resource Services</td>
<td>Director of Disability Resource Services</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>University Advancement and Alumni Records</td>
<td>University Development and Advancement Database</td>
<td>VP for University Advancement</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>-------------------------------------------</td>
<td>------------------------------------------------</td>
<td>-------------------------------</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Veterans Records</td>
<td>Veterans Affairs/Student Records</td>
<td>University Registrar</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teacher Education Credentialing Records</td>
<td>Credential Specialist, Academic Advising Program</td>
<td>Director of Academic Resource Center</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>College and Department Advising Records</td>
<td>College and Department Office</td>
<td>College deans and department chairs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Continuing Education Student Database</td>
<td>Extended Education Office</td>
<td>Director of Extended Education</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Administrators/College Deans/Tech Reps**

These individuals, including managers of campus auxiliary organizations, shall be responsible for oversight of employees authorized to handle confidential information in their areas of supervision. Their responsibilities include but are not limited to:

- Ensuring that the management and control of risks outlined in the Plan are adhered to by employees in their unit
- Granting permission to their employees to the appropriate level of access to confidential data
- Providing their employees with resources and methods to secure equipment and/or data repositories where confidential information is processed, stored, or handled

**System Owners**

These individuals are ultimately responsible for providing the system’s service/functionality to the campus. Often the system owner is a manager/director, department chair, or dean. Their responsibilities include but are not limited to:

- Make strategic decisions
- Approve security/risk management strategy
- Ultimately responsible for all system problems or security compromises

**CSIRT**

These individuals respond to serious incidents, perform top level review of campus information security policies, standards, guidelines and procedures. The committee is also responsible for periodic reporting by the ISO on significant incidents and overall institutional risks and vulnerabilities.
Appendix C - References

The Stanislaus State Information Security Plan complies with federal and state regulations and California State University policy specified in documents at the following links:

Federal and State Regulations

- Health Care Portability and Accountability Act of 1996 (HIPAA) [http://www.ihs.gov/Adminmngrresources/HIPAA/index.cfm](http://www.ihs.gov/Adminmngrresources/HIPAA/index.cfm)
- California Education Code, Section 89546, Employee Access to Information Pertaining to Themselves [http://www.loginfo.ca.gov/cgi-bin/waisgate?WAISdocID=8499863841+0+0+0&WAI桑tion=retrieve](http://www.loginfo.ca.gov/cgi-bin/waisgate?WAISdocID=8499863841+0+0+0&WAI桑tion=retrieve)
- California Penal Code, Section 502, Comprehensive Computer Data Access and Fraud Act [http://www.loginfo.ca.gov/cgi-bin/waisgate?WAISdocID=8500924547+1+0+0&WAI桑tion=retrieve](http://www.loginfo.ca.gov/cgi-bin/waisgate?WAISdocID=8500924547+1+0+0&WAI桑tion=retrieve)

California State University Policies and Procedures

• CSU Records Retention & Disposition Schedules, http://www.calstate.edu/recordsretention/
• CSU Memo, Information Security Clarification, March 28, 2003

Stanislaus State Policies, Procedures, and Guidelines